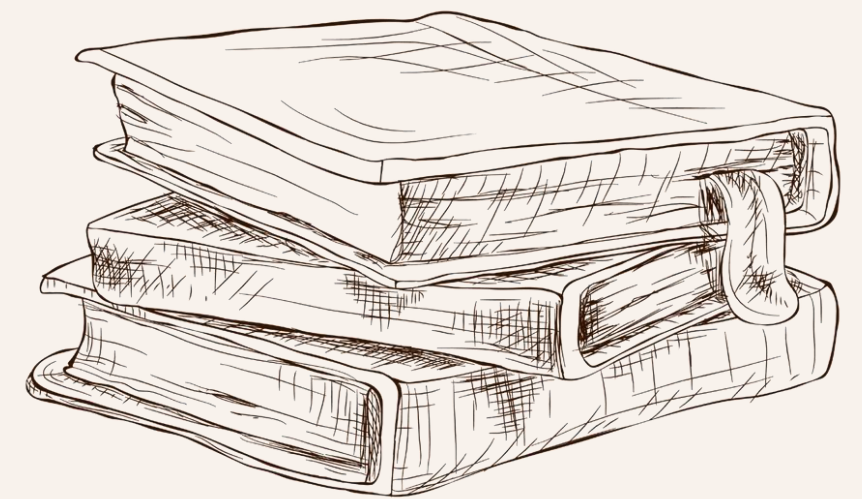
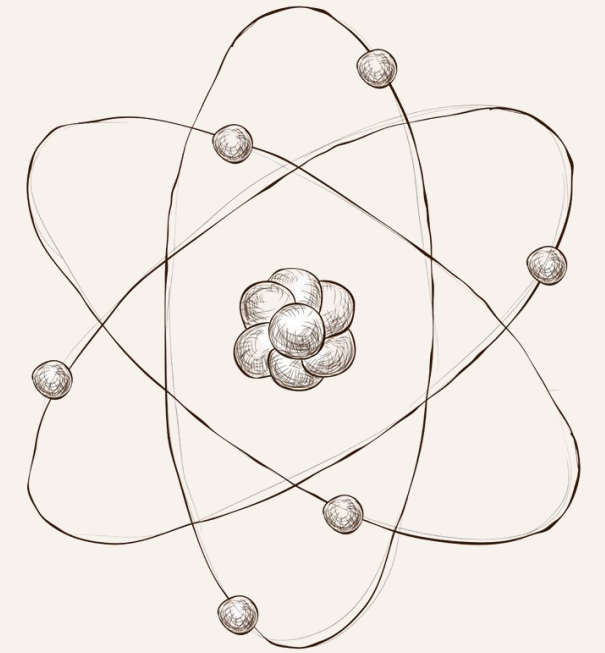
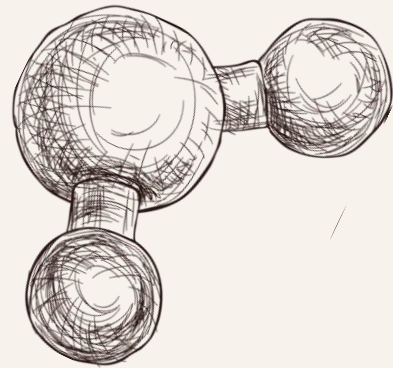
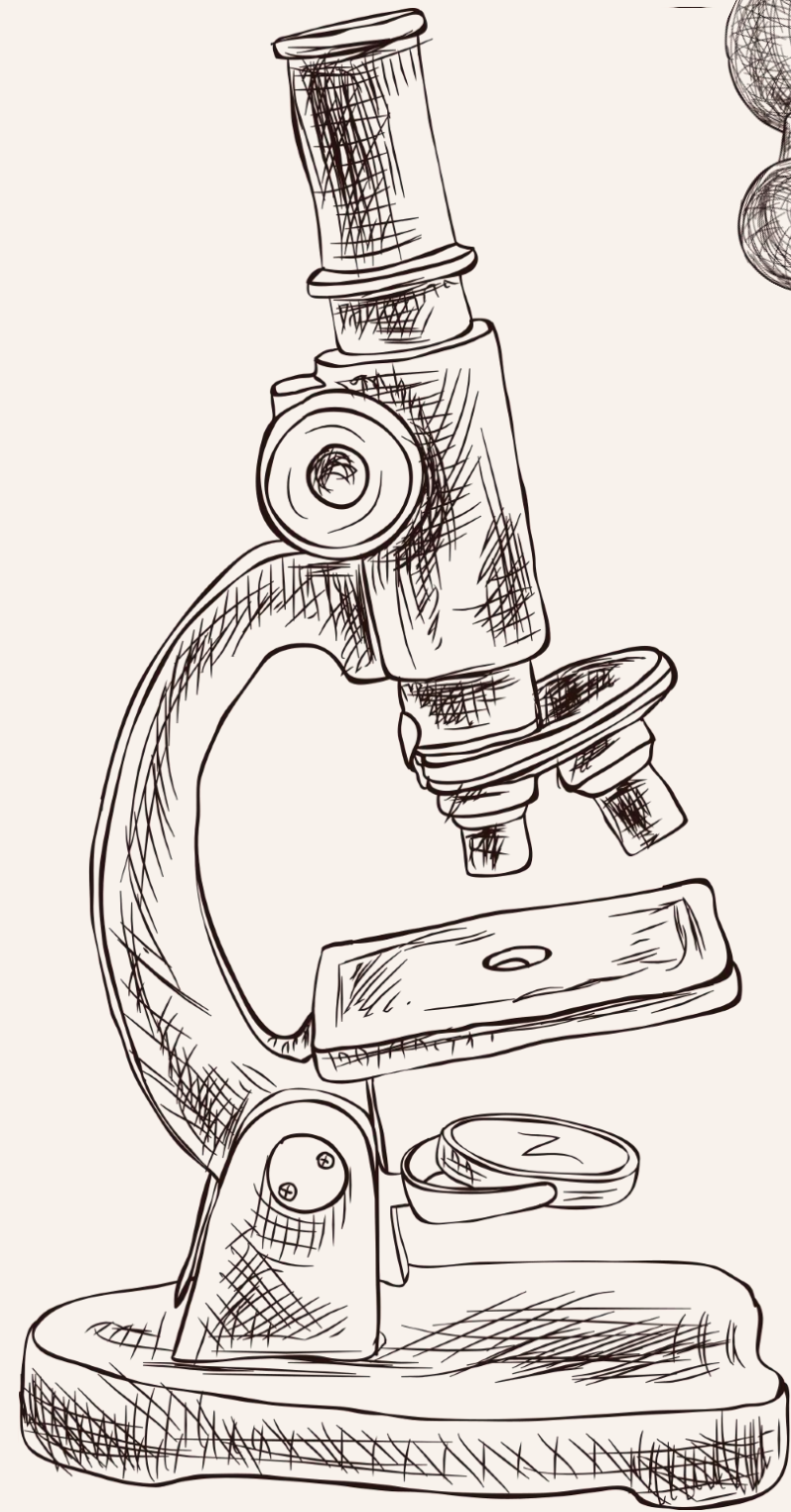




# LECTOCOMPREENSIÓN EN INGLÉS PARA CIENCIAS EXACTAS Y NATURALES



Esp. María Florencia Méndez  
Prof. María Virginia Valenzuela



# LA FRASE NOMINAL Componentes

# Contenidos

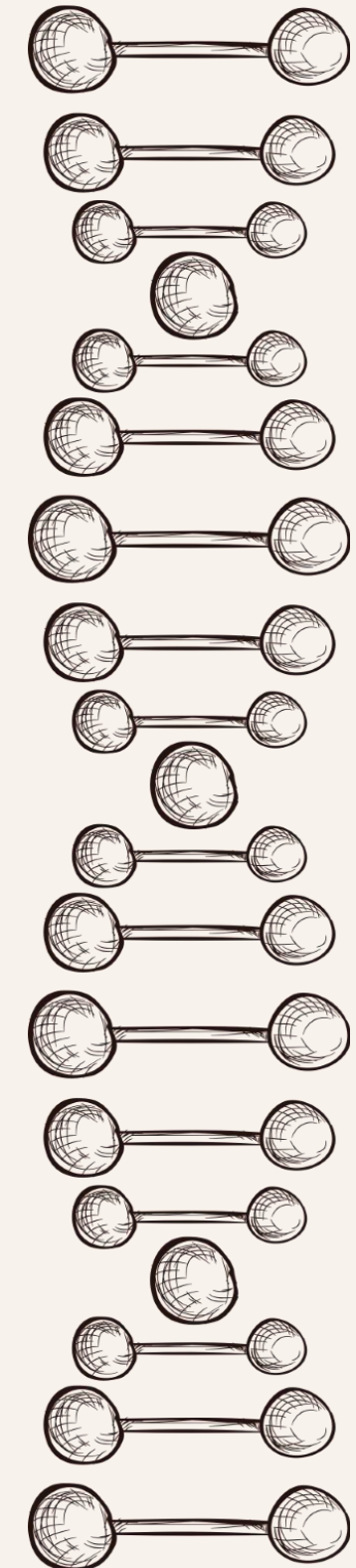
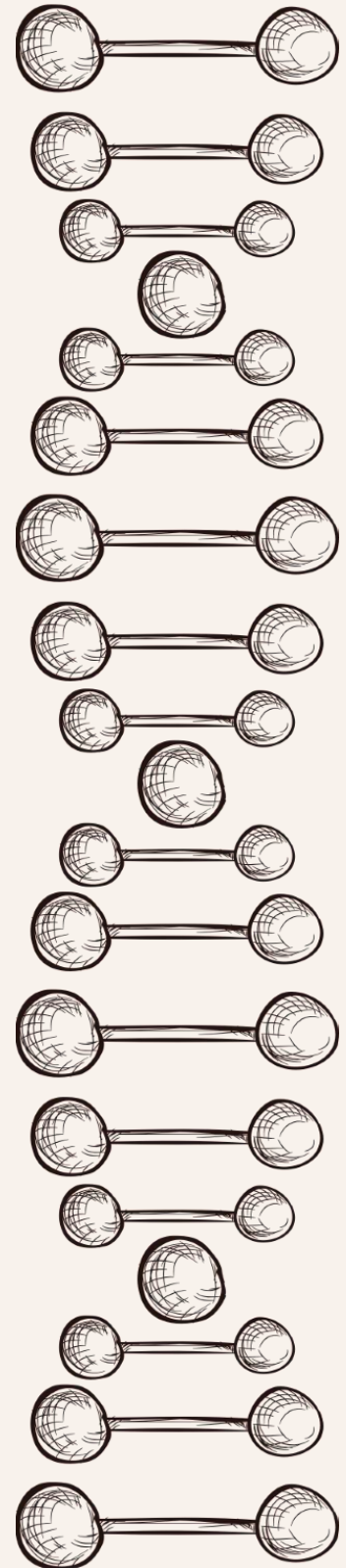
## 1. Modificadores del sustantivo

- Los artículos: definido e indefinido
- El adjetivo y palabras en función de adjetivo
- Grados comparativo y superlativo

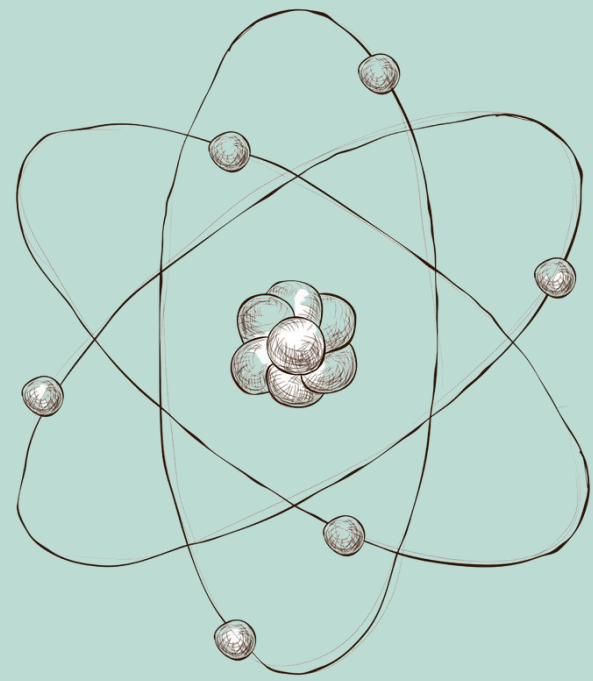
## 2. Adverbios

## 3. Caso Posesivo

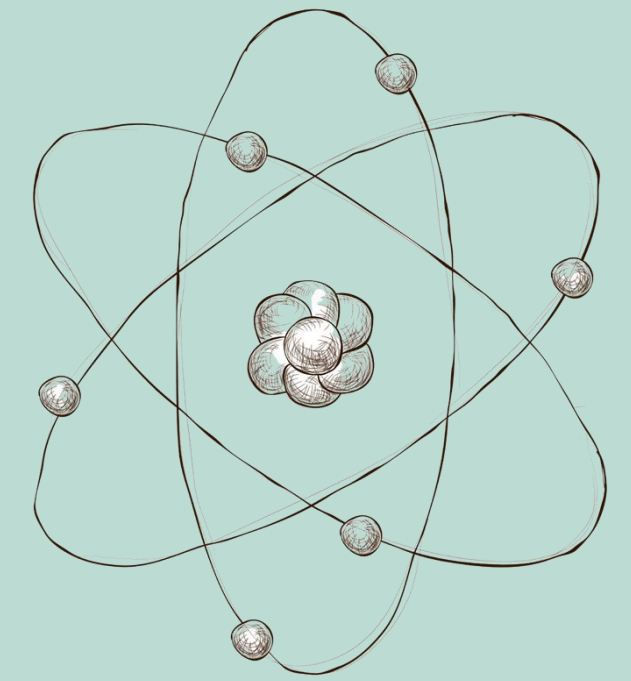
## 4. Pronombres







# Los artículos



Definido  
(conocido)

**THE**

Indefinido  
(sin identificar)

**A/AN**

LA - LAS

The law of inertia  
The laws of physics

EL - LOS

the field of thermodynamics  
the fields of thermodynamics  
and mechanics

UN - UNA

a system  
an isolated system  
a curve

# El adjetivo

## Características

01

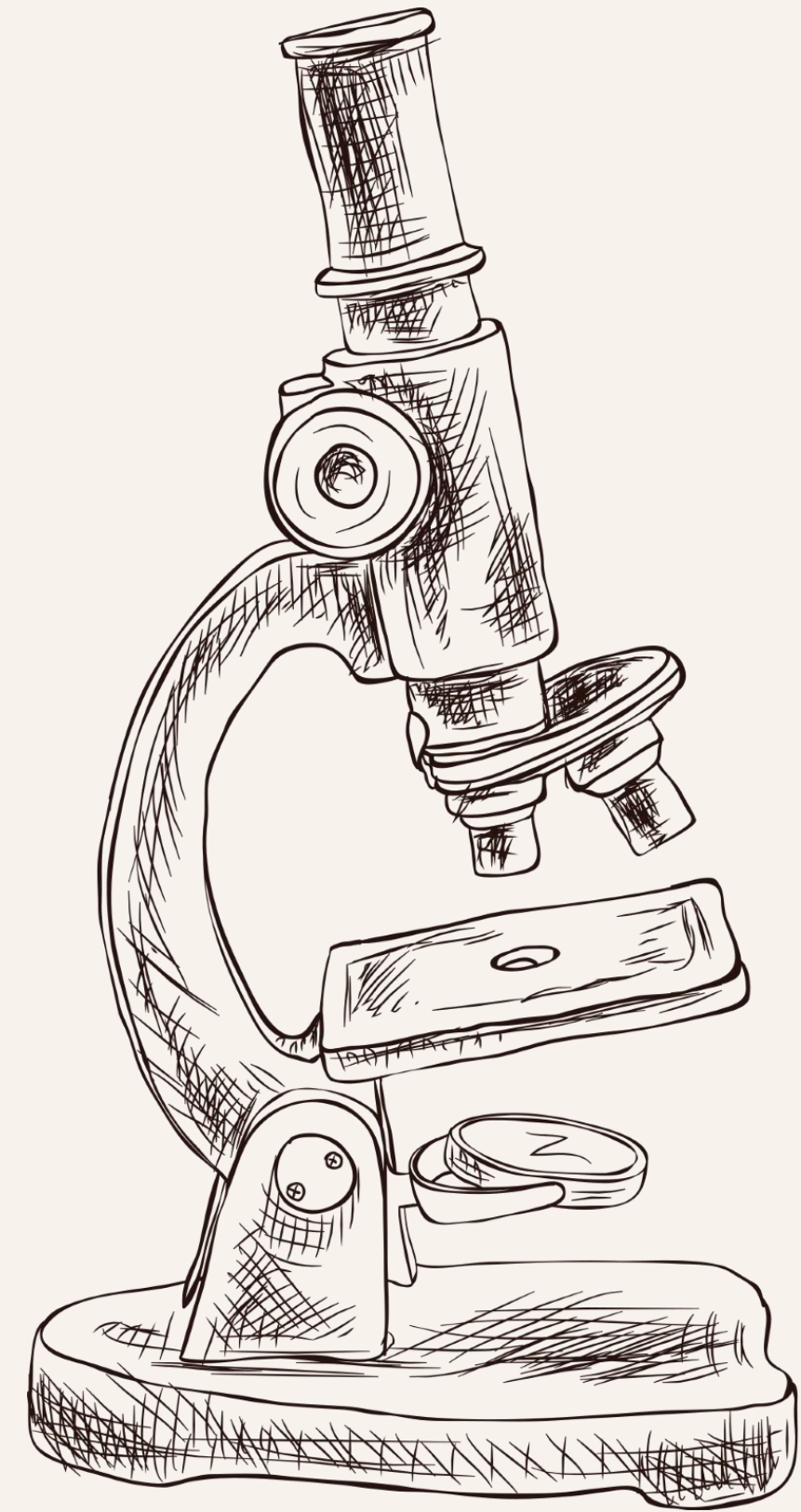
Se colocan delante del sustantivo

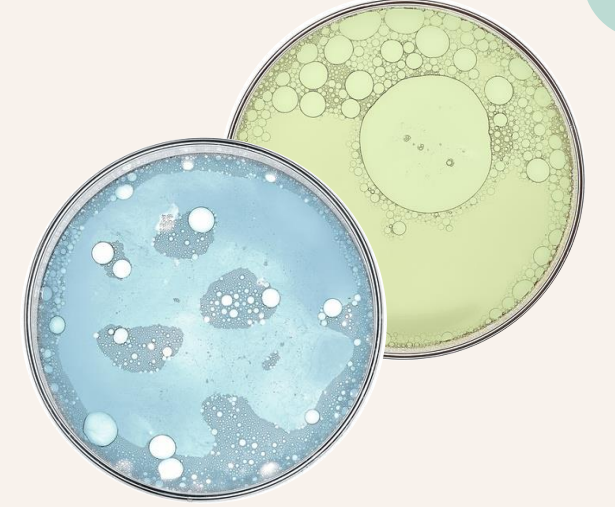
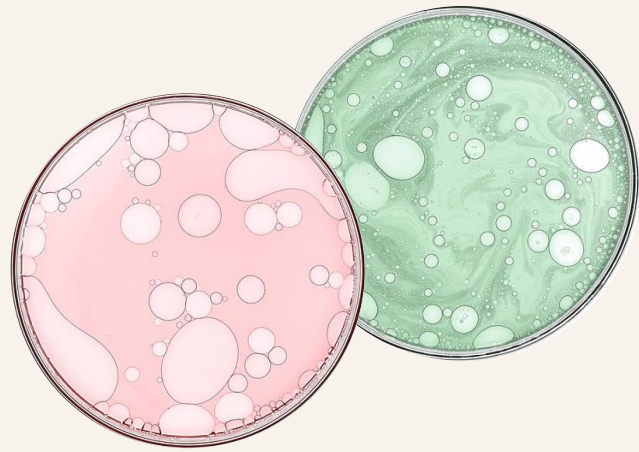
02

Se colocan después del artículo

03

Son invariables en género y número





**Calificativos**

**Demostrativos**

This - That  
These - Those

**Cuantitativos**

**Clasificación**

**Numerales**

**Gentilicios**

**Posesivos**

**Compuestos**

A hard-working person

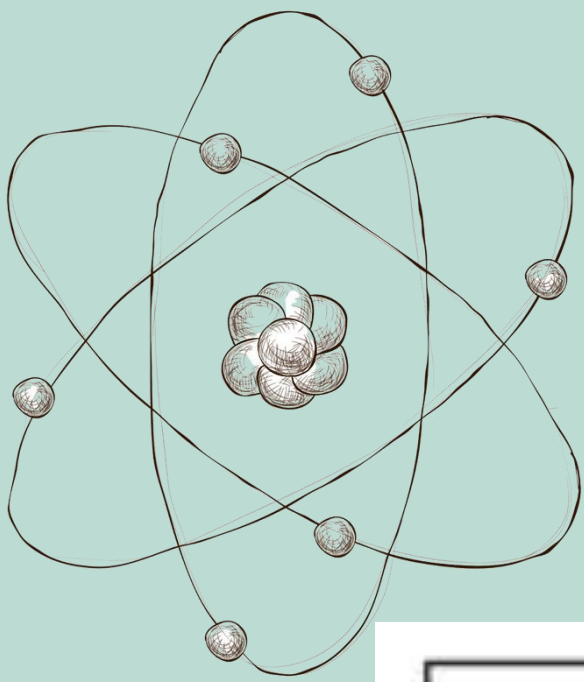
**Participios**

Terminados en -ed (pasajero)

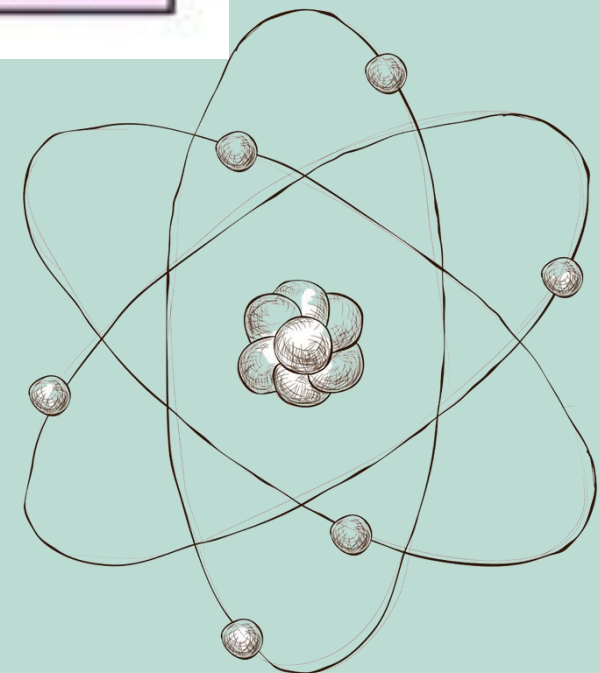
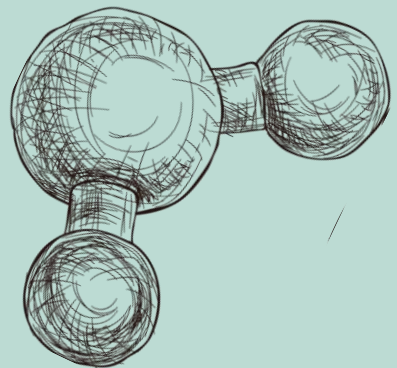
Terminados en -ing (permanente)



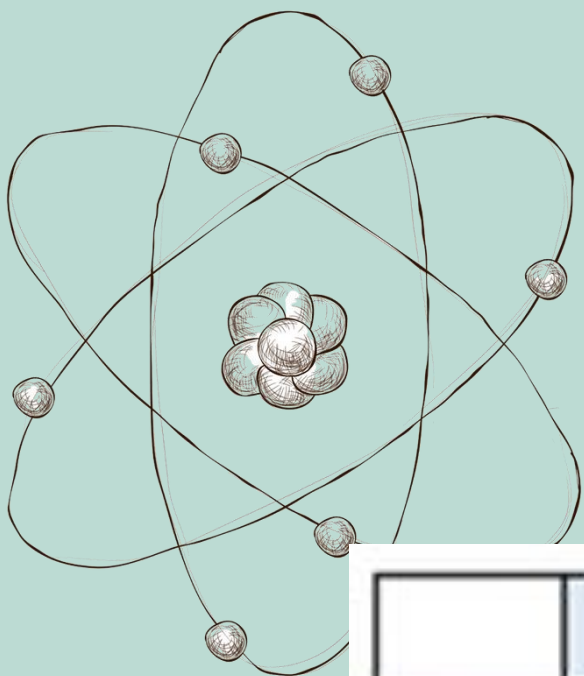
# Adjetivos demostrativos



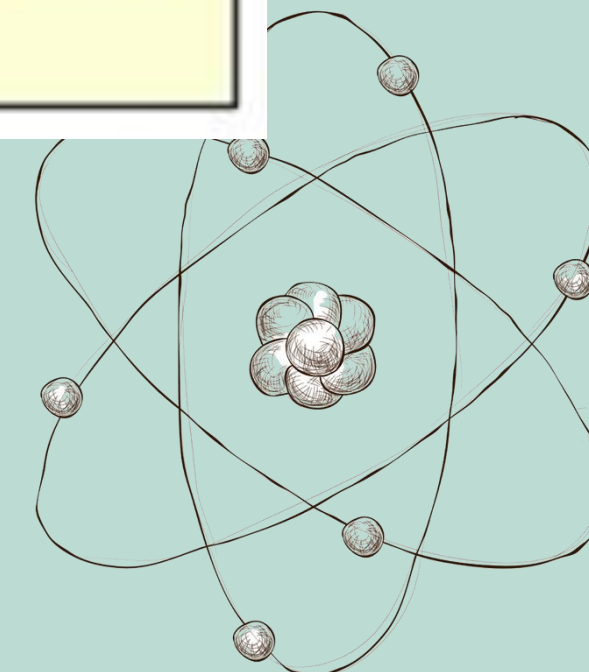
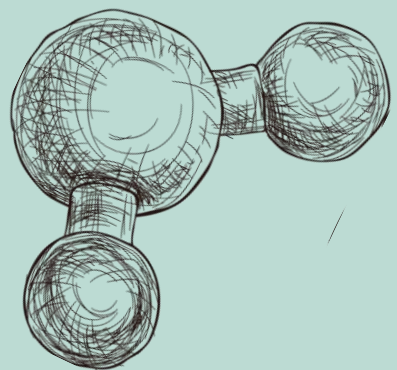
	Inglés	Español	
		Femenino	Masculino
Singular	This (cerca)	esta	este
	That (lejos)	esa/aquella	ese/aquel
Plural	These (cerca)	estas	estos
	Those (lejos)	esas/aquellas	esos/aquellos



# Adjetivos posesivos



	Pronombre personal		Adjetivo posesivo	
Singular	I	Yo	My	Mi/s
	You	Tú / Vos / Usted	Your	Tu/s / Su/s
	He/She/It	Él / Ella	His / Her / Its	Su/s (es decir, de él o de ella)
Plural	We	Nosotros/as	Our	Nuestro/a / Nuestros/as
	You	Vosotros/as / Ustedes	Your	Su/s (es decir, de ustedes)
	They	Ellos/ Ellas	Their	Su/s (es decir, de ellos o de ellas)





# Adjetivos participios



**-ed**

- indica una característica del momento, algo pasajero
- describen cómo una persona está afectada por algo

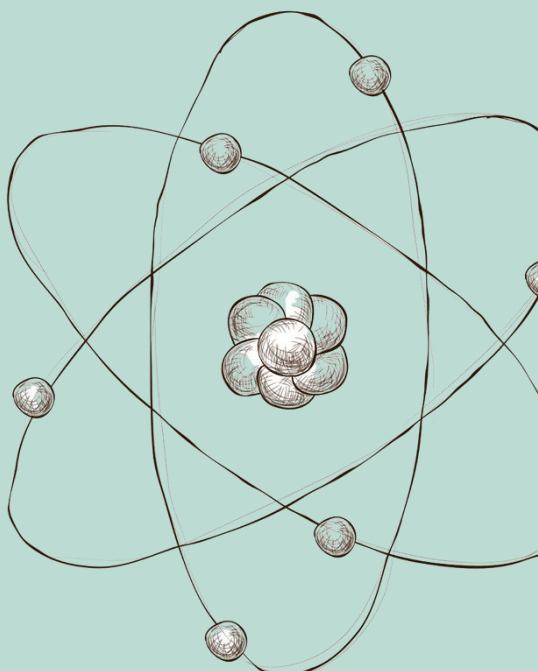
INTERESTED  
DEPRESSED

**-ing**

- indica algo permanente
- describen cómo algo afecta a alguien

INTERESTING  
DEPRESSING





PLANNING FOR

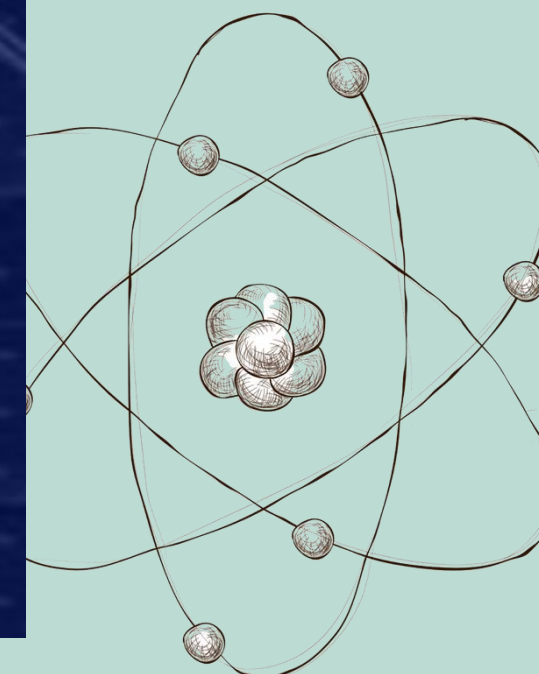
# SAFER, BETTER, BIGGER BATTERY ENERGY STORAGE

Large battery energy storage systems (BESSs) have reached a tipping point.

Developments in technology, policy, energy supply and demand, and economics have combined to spur substantial growth for larger installations. This growth is heightening safety and performance concerns.

BESS fires can start at the cell level because of impact, overcharging or manufacturer defects. Safety systems are designed to mitigate thermal, electrical, and mechanical damage risks to cells. Fire risk increases with the number of cells in a system – and a utility-scale (1MW or greater) BESS typically contains tens of thousands of cells.

How can utilities, independent system operators (ISOs), distribution network operators (DNOs) regulators, battery manufacturers, large energy users, governments and emergency responders collaborate to ensure that utility-scale BESSs are safer and performing optimally? Also, how can the process of negotiating contracts for utility-scale BESSs bring all these players together for best outcomes?





# Grado comparativo

## Adjetivos cortos

ADJETIVO + ER

TALLER



## Adjetivos largos

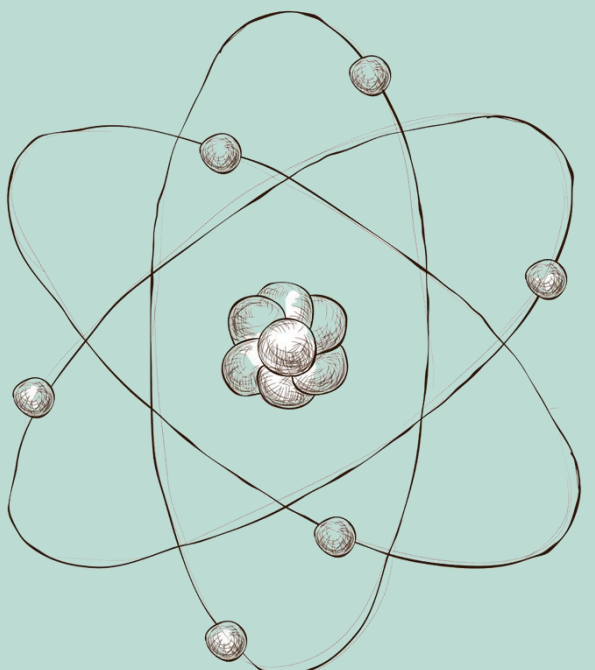
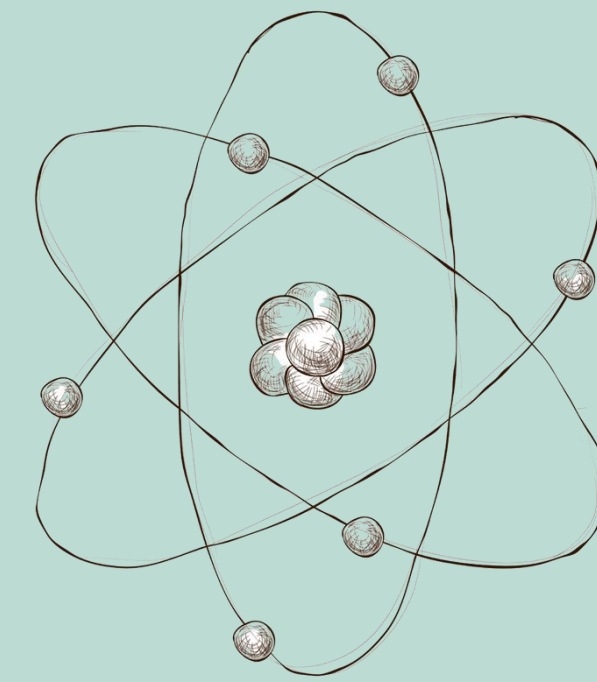
MORE + ADJETIVO

MORE INTERESTING

Good	Better
Bad	Worse
Far	Farther/Further
Little	Less
Many	More

LESS



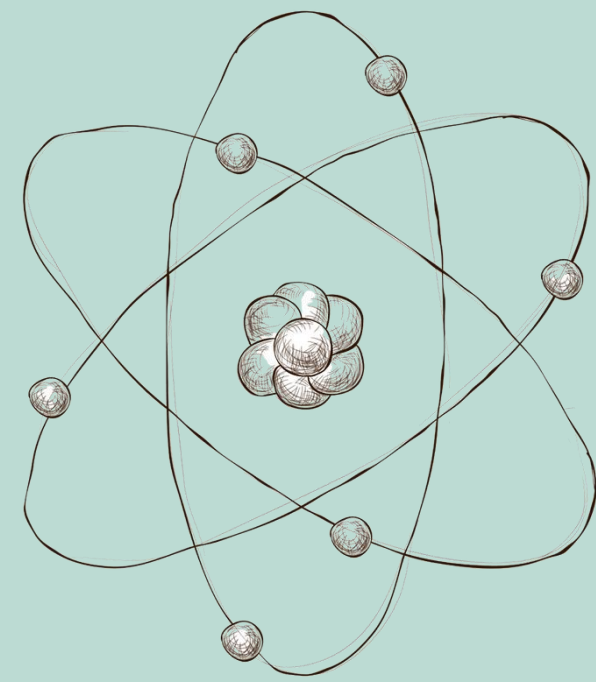


# Comparativo doble

Causa y efecto

The + comparativo + coma + the + comparativo

The bigger the objects, the harder they fall.

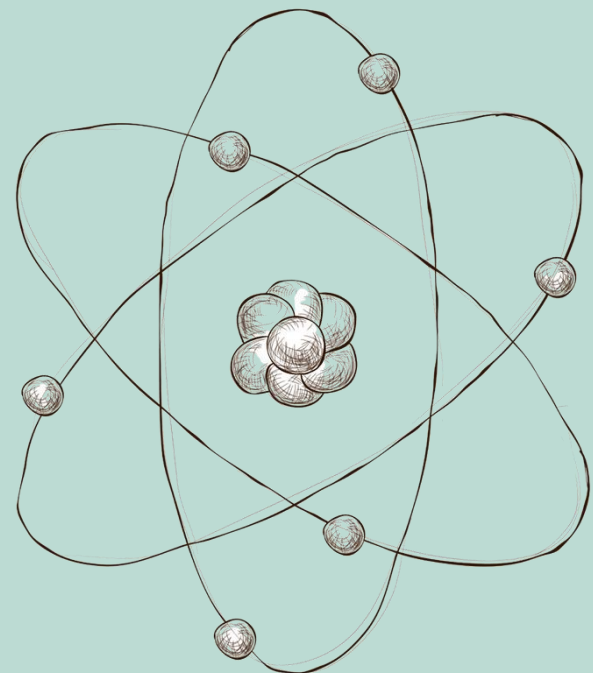


# Comparativo de igualdad

As + adjetivo + as...

Not as + adjetivo + as...

Titanium is as strong as steel but around 45% lighter.  
The intermolecular forces of attraction in liquids are not as strong as that in solids.





# Grado superlativo

## Adjetivos cortos

ADJETIVO + EST

TALLEST



## Adjetivos largos

THE MOST + ADJETIVO

THE MOST INTERESTING

Good	Best
Bad	Worst
Far	Farthest/Furthest
Little	Least
Many	Most

THE  
LEAST



# El adverbio

## Características

01

Modifica a un adjetivo, verbo, otro adverbio, clausula u oración

02

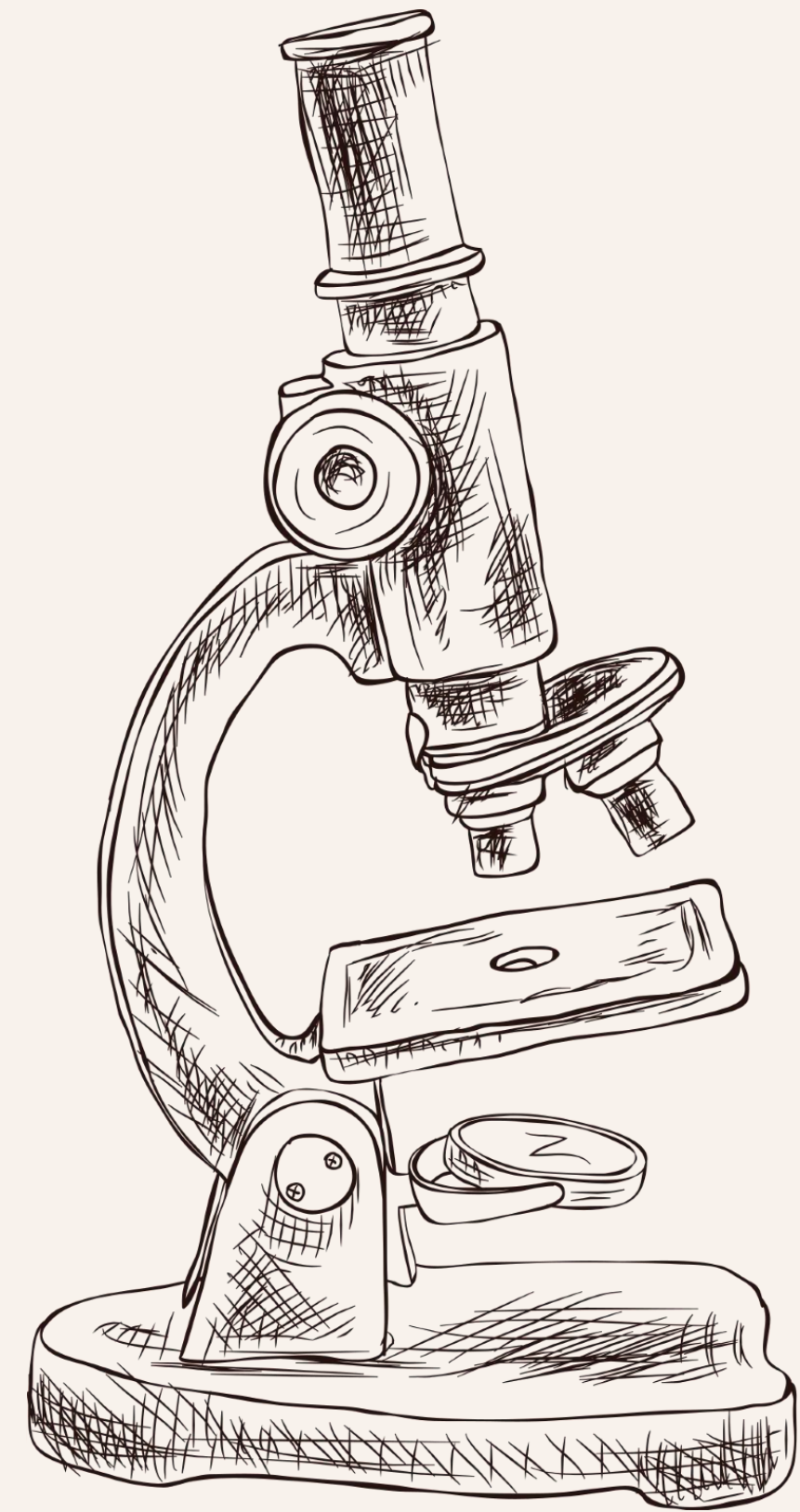
De tiempo, de lugar, de frecuencia...

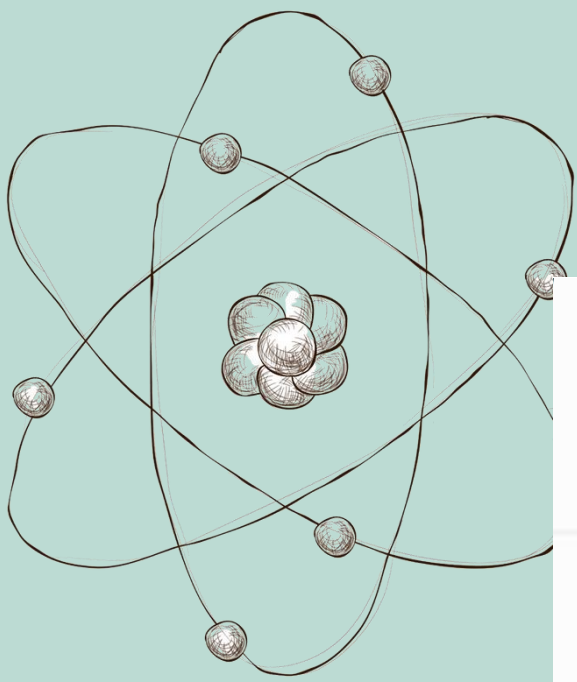
03

De modo: terminación -ly

04

También aparecen en grado comparativo y superlativo





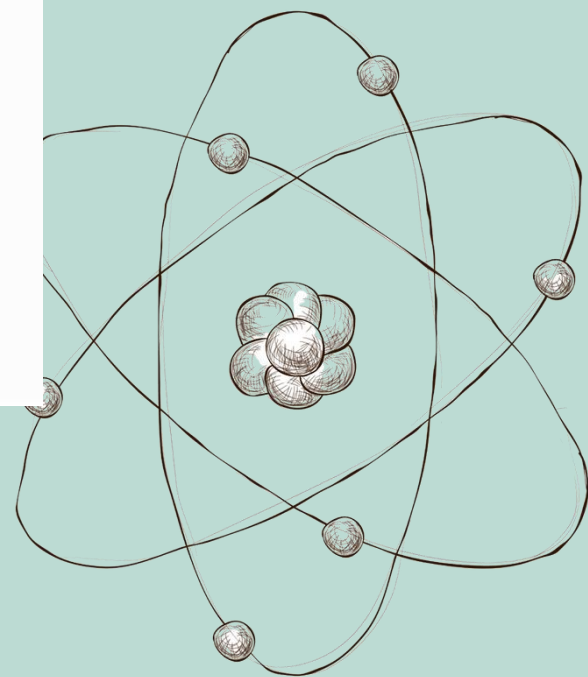
## Wind vs. Solar — Which Power Source Is Better?

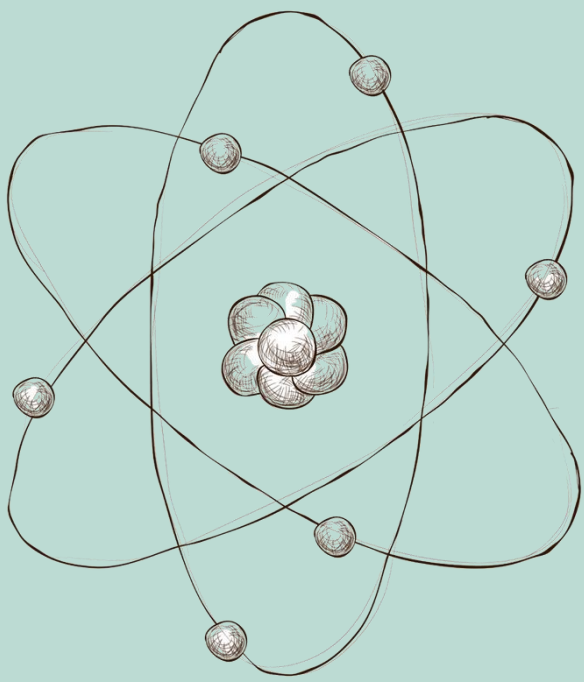
Wind and solar are the heavy hitters of renewable energy. They create jobs. They cut pollution. They provide power to the densest populations and the most rural regions of the world.

We're betting on green **energy's** top two producers to break our dependence on fossil fuels. But can they both stand up to the giants of non-renewable energy, or is one sector a more promising investment? Here's a look at the pros and cons of wind and solar energy.

### But First, What Is Wind Energy?

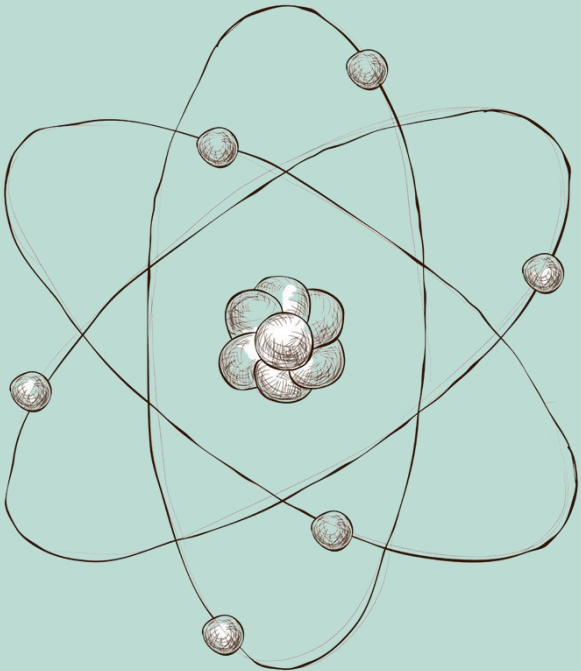
Wind is technically a form of solar energy. When the **sun's** radiation heats **Earth's** uneven surface, hot air rises and cool air settles. This difference in atmospheric pressure creates wind, a kinetic (motion-based) form of energy.





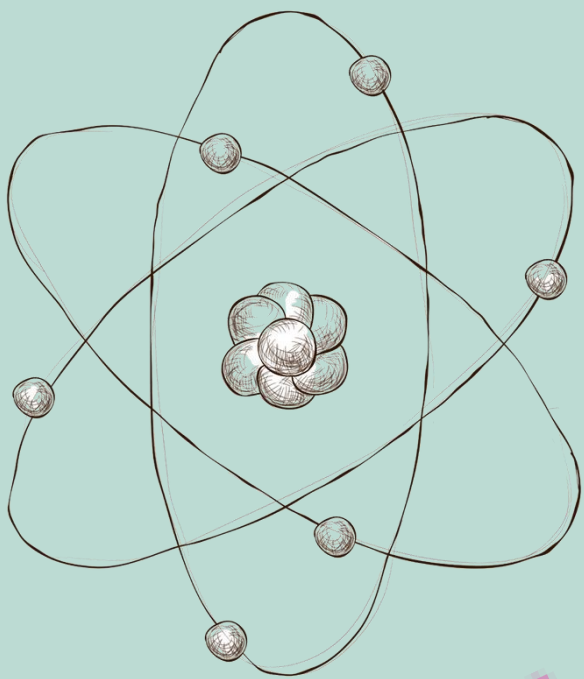
the sun's radiation

3 2 1





# La frase nominal



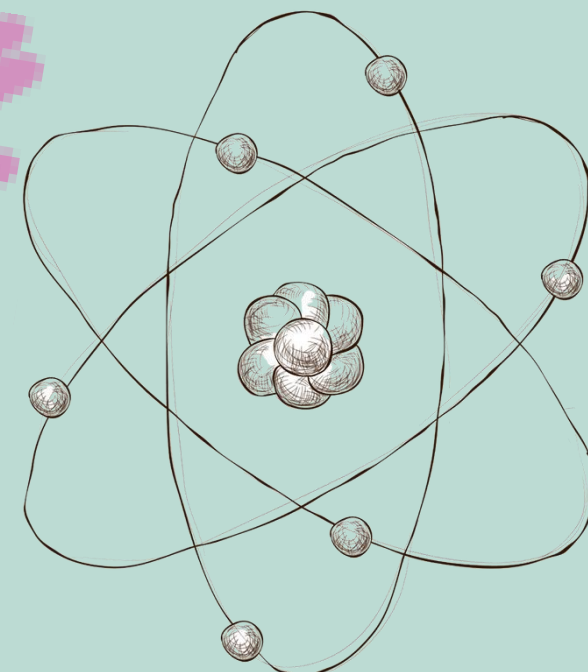
Su núcleo es un sustantivo

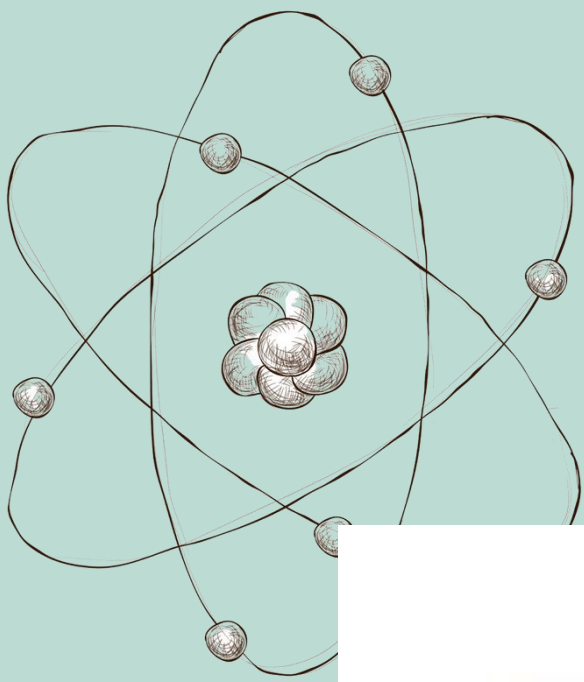
Nunca incluye un verbo

También puede incluir adjetivos, adverbios, artículos, conjunciones y otros sustantivos en función de adjetivo

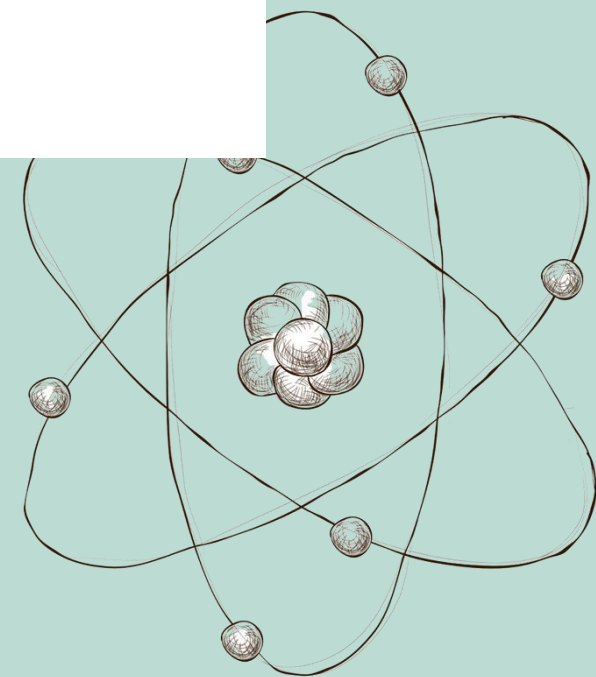
En una oración puede haber varias frases nominales

Se dividen con preposiciones, signos de puntuación, verbos





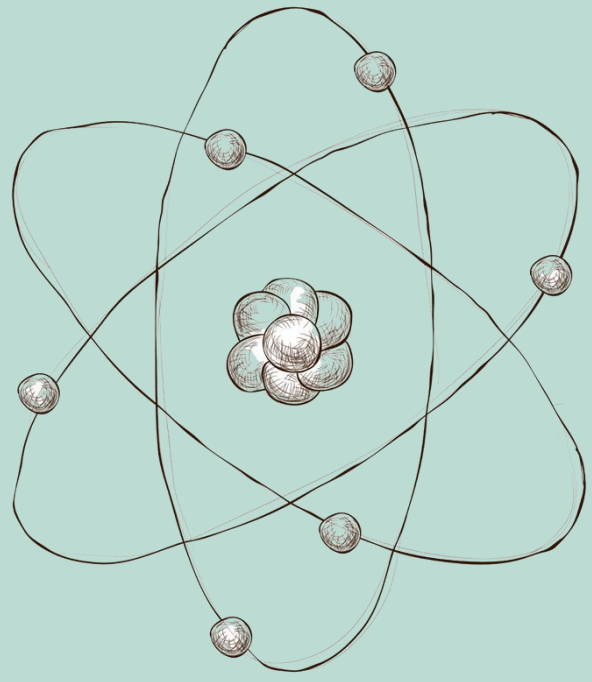
circuit	→	sustantivo
a circuit	→	artículo + sustantivo
electronic circuit	→	adjetivo + sustantivo
an electronic circuit	→	artículo + adjetivo + sustantivo
simple electronic circuit	→	adjetivo + adjetivo + sustantivo
a very simple electronic circuit	→	artículo + adverbio + adjetivo + adjetivo + sustantivo







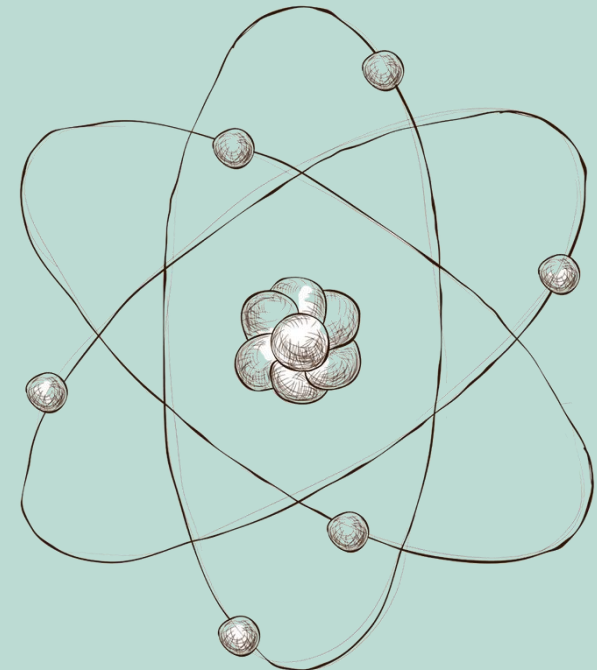


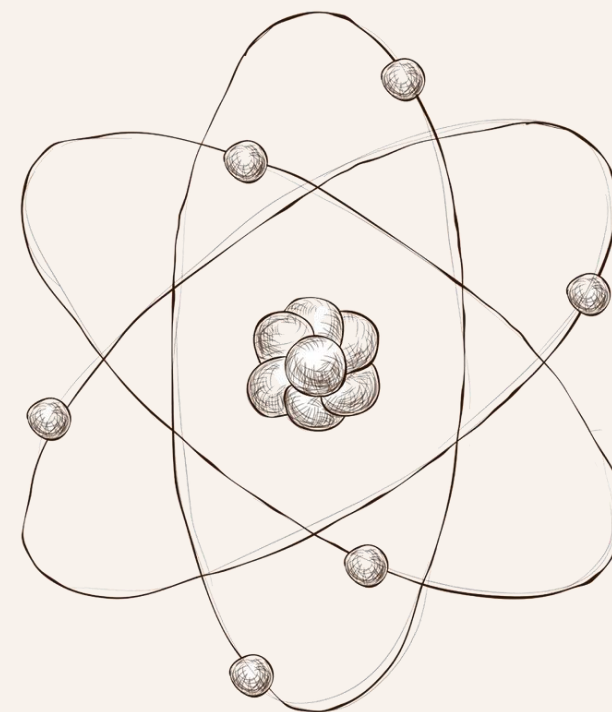
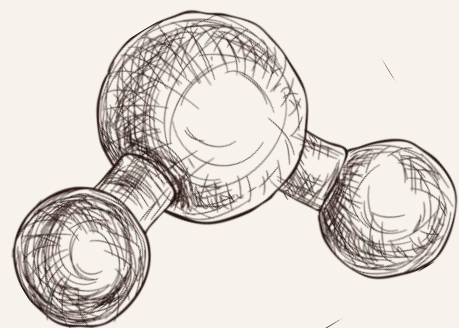
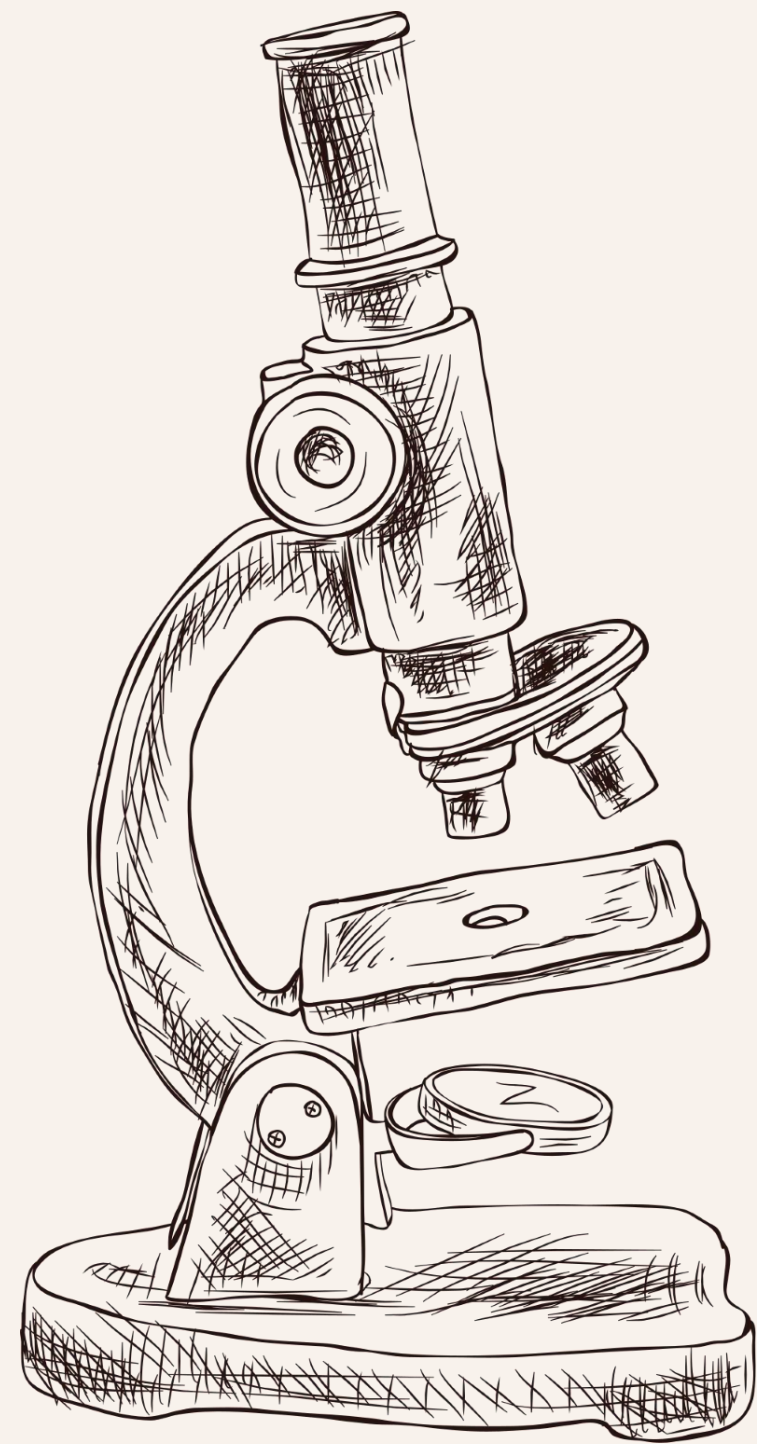


# Pronombres

	<b>Pronombre personal</b>	<b>Traducción</b>
Singular	I	Yo
	You	Tú / Vos / Usted
	He/She/It*	Él / Ella
Plural	We	Nosotros/as
	You	Vosotros/as / Ustedes
	They	Ellos/as

	<b>Pronombre personal (objeto)</b>	<b>Traducción</b>
Singular	Me	Me (a mí)
	You	Te / Le (a vos / a usted)
	Him/Her/Its	Lo (a él / a ella)
Plural	Us	Nos (a nosotros)
	You	Los (a ustedes)
	Them	Les (a ellos)





**¡Gracias!**

