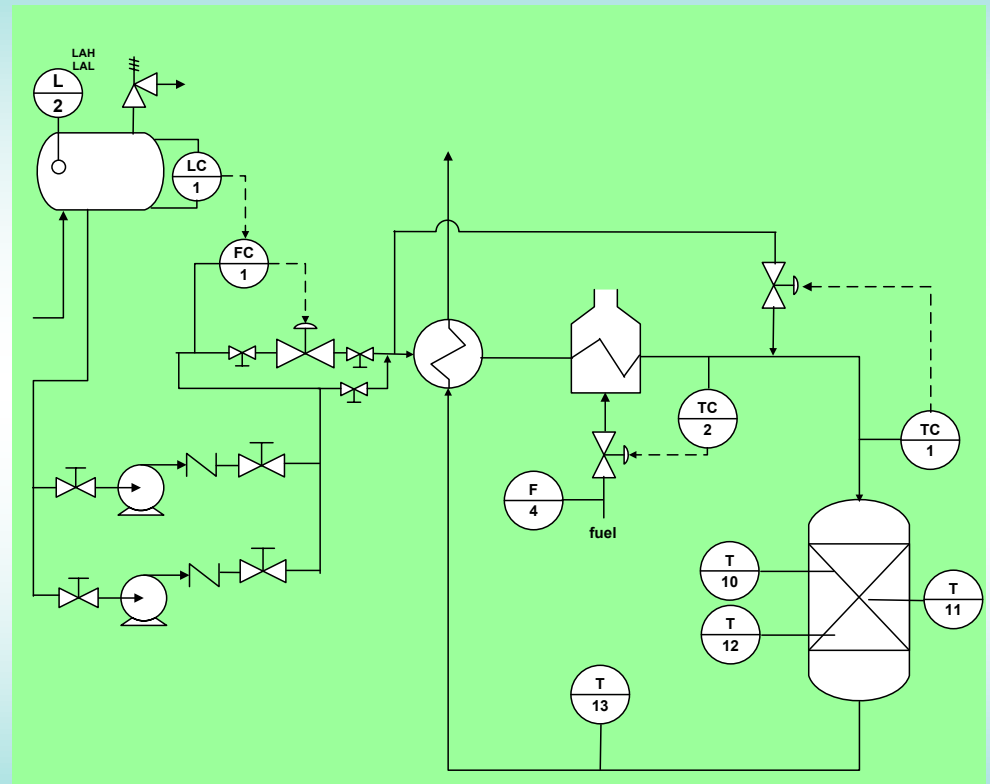
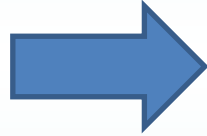
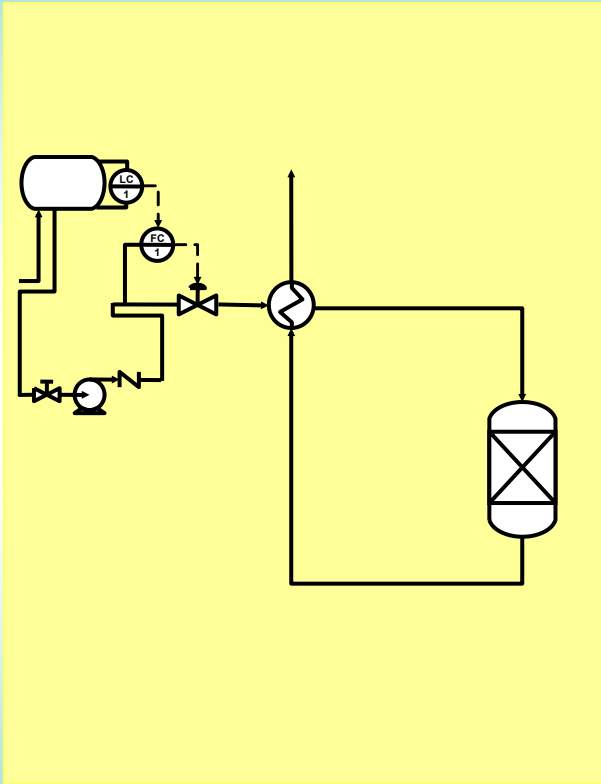


Integración energética



Caso de estudio

Procedimiento para el diseño de redes de Intercambio de calor

1. Determinar objetivos

- Metas de energía: Máxima recuperación de energía.
- Metas de capital:
 - ✓ Mínimo número de unidades de transferencia de calor.
 - ✓ Mínima área total de transferencia de calor.

2. Generar alternativas para alcanzar las metas.

3. Modificar las alternativas basadas en consideraciones prácticas.

4. Diseño de equipo y determinación de costo para cada alternativa.

5. Selección de la alternativa técnico/económico más conveniente.

Problema 15:

| Stream | T_s | T_t | C_p [MBtu/h°F] | ΔH [MBtu/h] |
|--------|-------|-------|---------------------|------------------------|
| H1 | 400 | 120 | 1 | 280 |
| H2 | 340 | 120 | 2 | 440 |
| C1 | 160 | 400 | 1,5 | 360 |
| C2 | 100 | 300 | 1,3 | 260 |

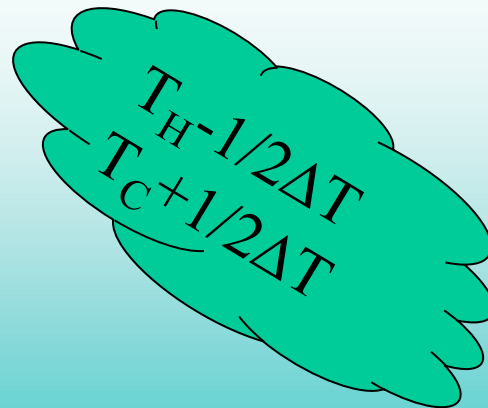
$$\Delta T_{\min} = 20 \text{ }^\circ\text{F}$$

- ❶ Determinar $Q_{H\min}$, $Q_{C\min}$ y localización del pinch.
- ❷ Diseñar una red MER que satisfice los target de energía.
- ❸ Diseñar una red para U_{\min} por eliminación de lazos de calor en la red utilizando el método de relajación de energía.

Solución

| Corriente | T_s | T_t | C_p [MBtu/h°F] | ΔH [MBtu/h] |
|-----------|-------|-------|---------------------|------------------------|
| H1 ● | 400 | 120 | 1 | 280 |
| H2 | 340 | 120 | 2 | 440 |
| C1 | 160 ● | 400 | 1,5 | 360 |
| C2 | 100 | 300 | 1,3 | 260 |

$$\Delta T_{\min} = 20 \text{ } ^\circ\text{F}$$



$T_H - 1/2 \Delta T$
 $T_C + 1/2 \Delta T$

Solución

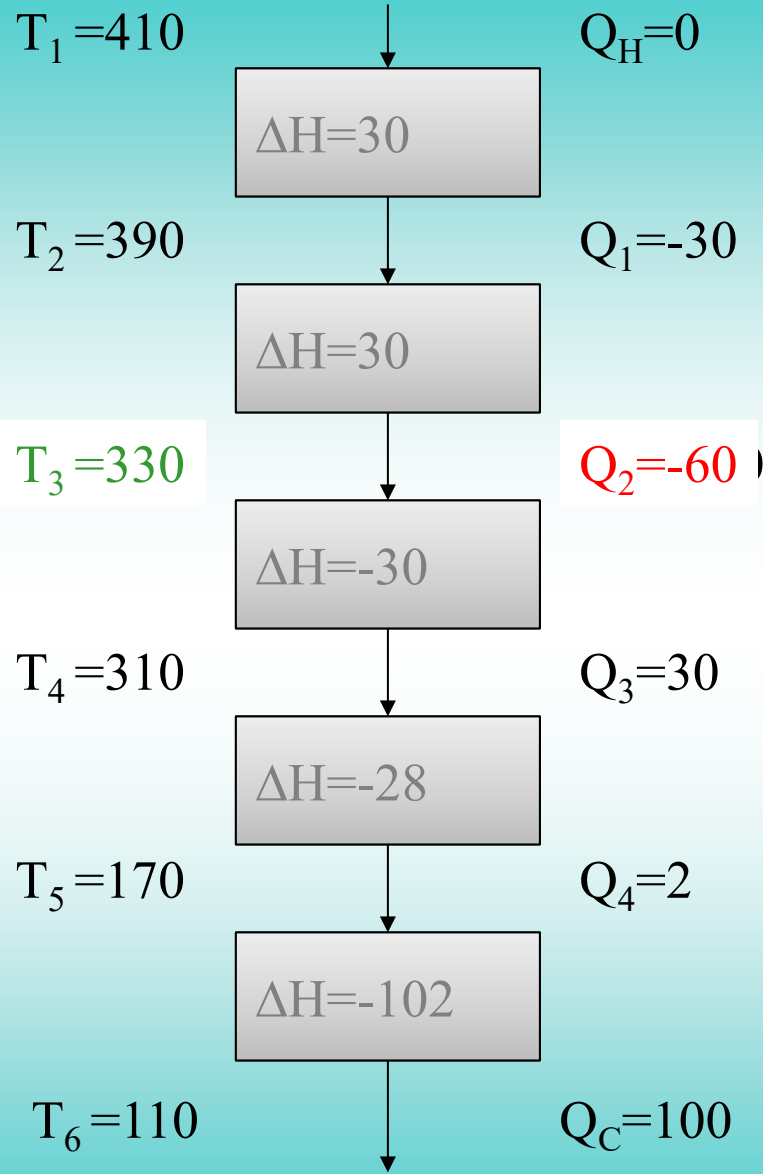
| Corriente | T_s | T_t | C_p [MBtu/h°F] |
|-----------|-------|-------|---------------------|
| H1 | 380 | 100 | 1 |
| H2 | 320 | 100 | 2 |
| C1 | 160 | 400 | 1,5 |
| C2 | 100 | 300 | 1,3 |

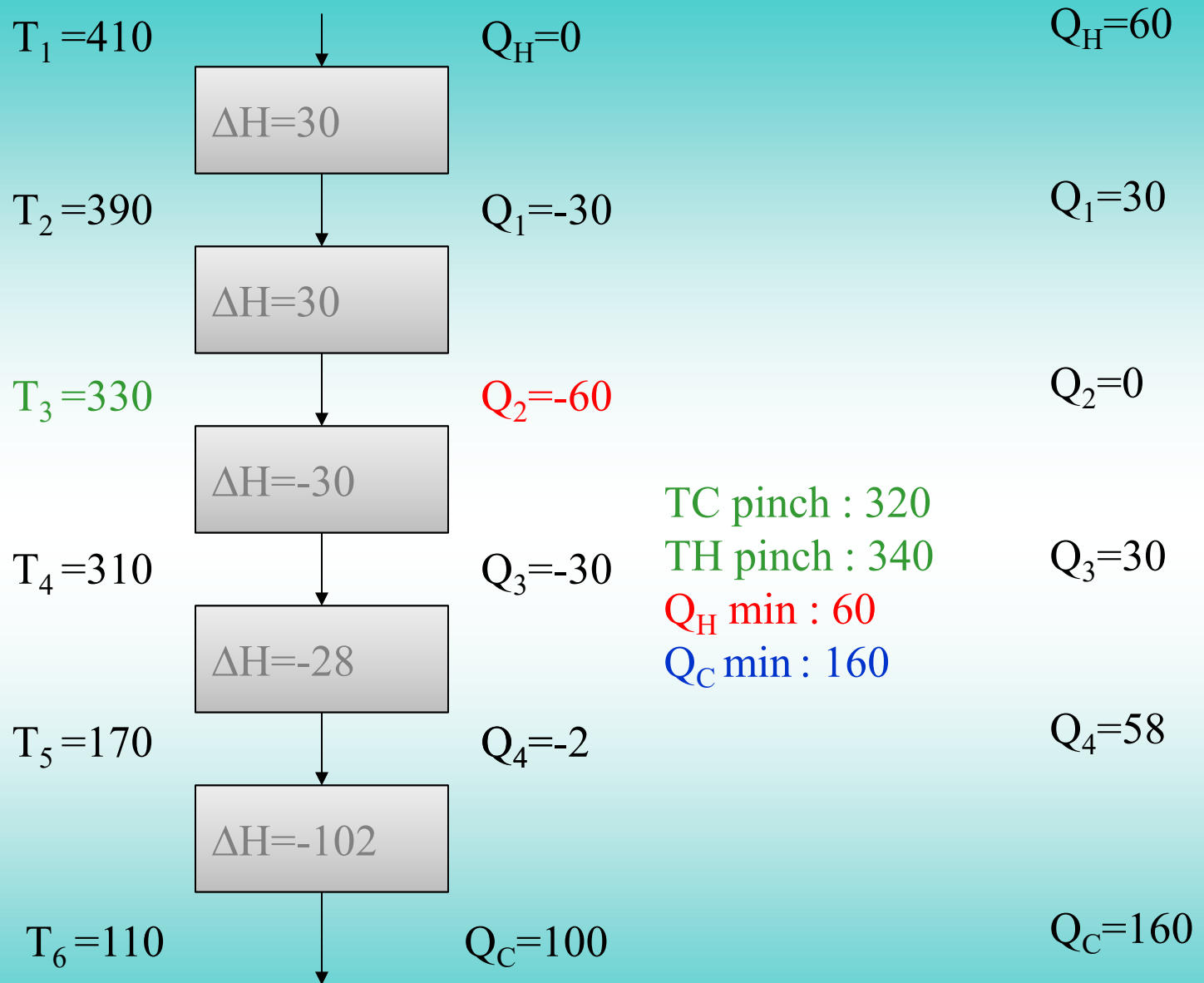
$$\Delta T_{\min} = 20 \text{ °F}$$

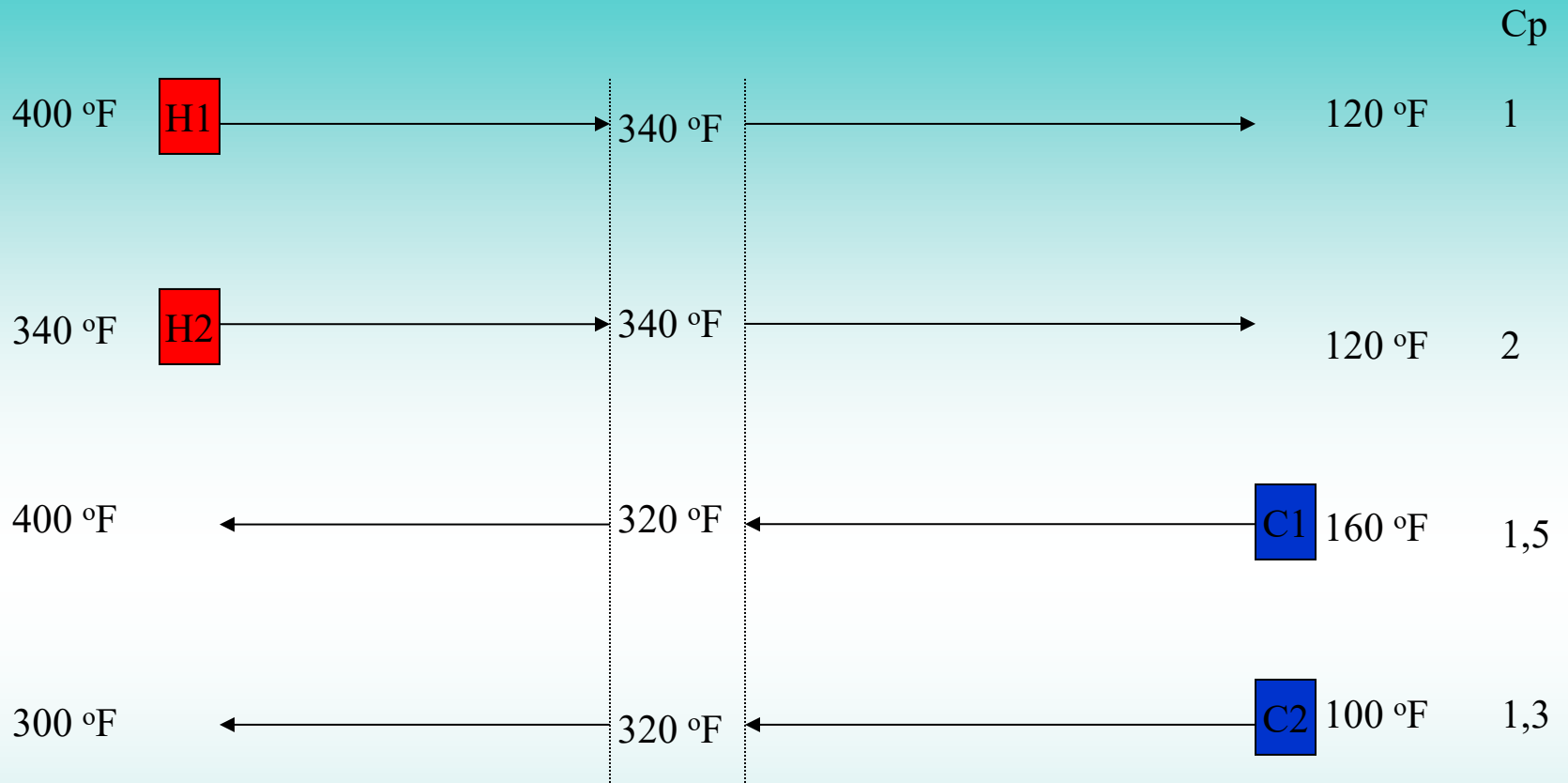
Solución

| Corriente | T_s | T_t | C_p [MBtu/h°F] |
|-----------|-------|-------|------------------|
| H1 | 380 | 100 | 1 |
| H2 | 320 | 100 | 2 |
| C1 | 160 | 400 | 1,5 |
| C2 | 100 | 300 | 1,3 |

| Intervalo | T'_i | $T'_i - T'_{i+1}$ | $\Sigma C_{p_C} - \Sigma C_{p_H}$ | ΔH_i |
|-----------|--------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | 410 | 20 | 1,5 | 30 |
| 2 | 390 | 60 | 0,5 | 30 |
| 3 | 330 | 20 | -1,5 | -30 |
| 4 | 310 | 140 | -0,2 | -28 |
| 5 | 170 | 60 | -1,7 | -102 |
| 6 | 110 | | | |





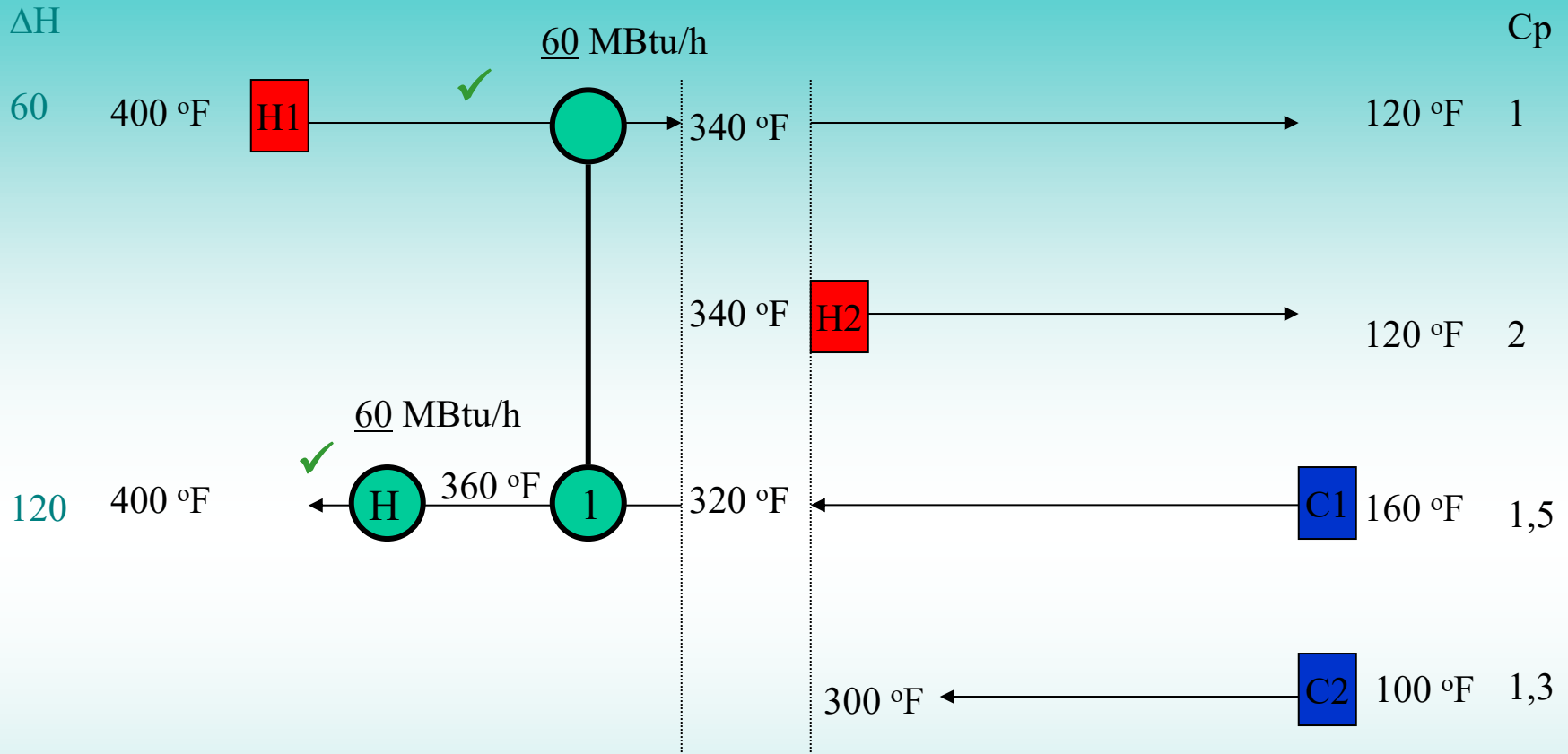


TC pinch : 320

TH pinch : 340

Q_H min : 60

Q_C min : 160

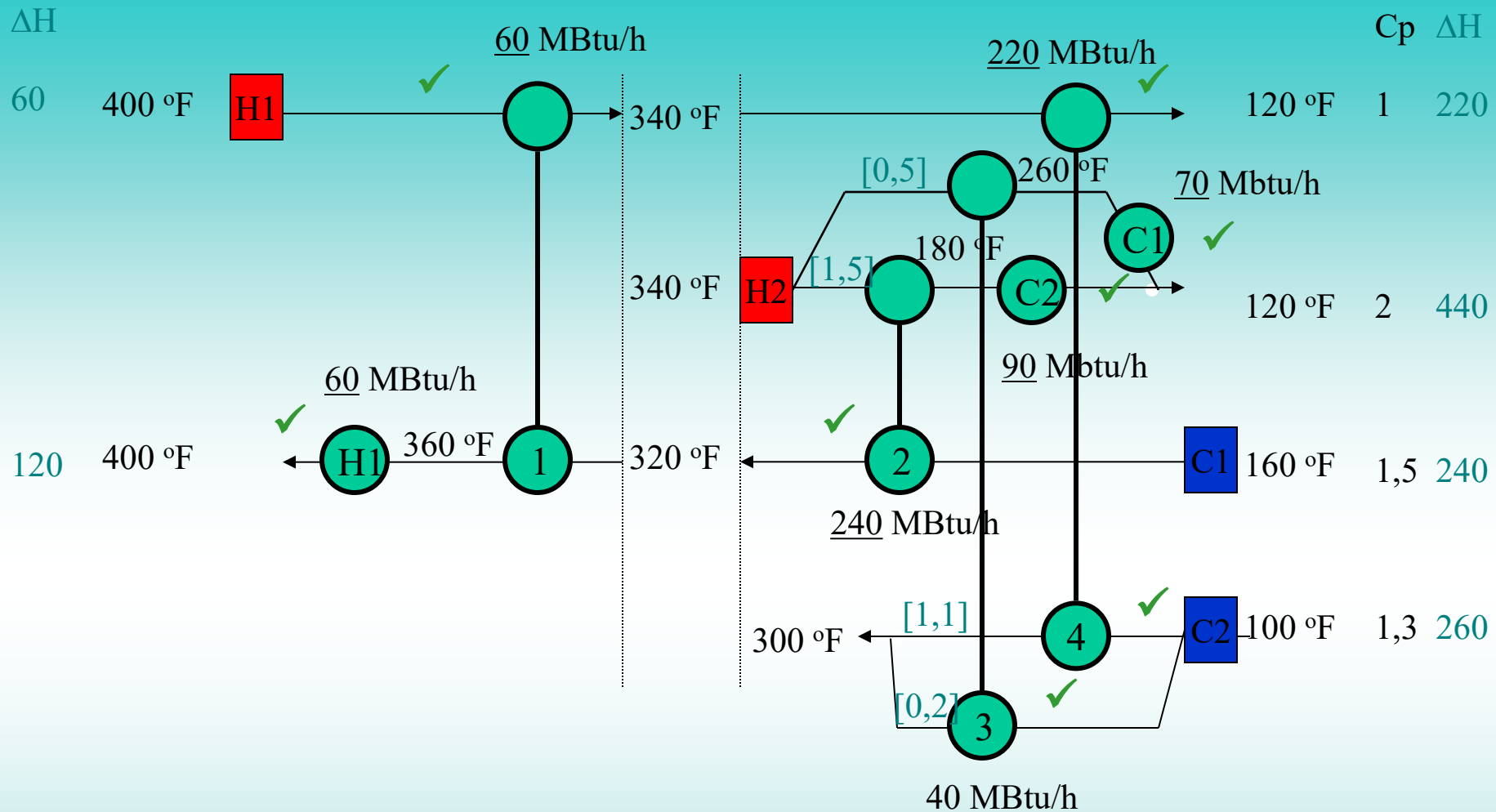


T Cold pinch : 320

T Hot pinch : 340

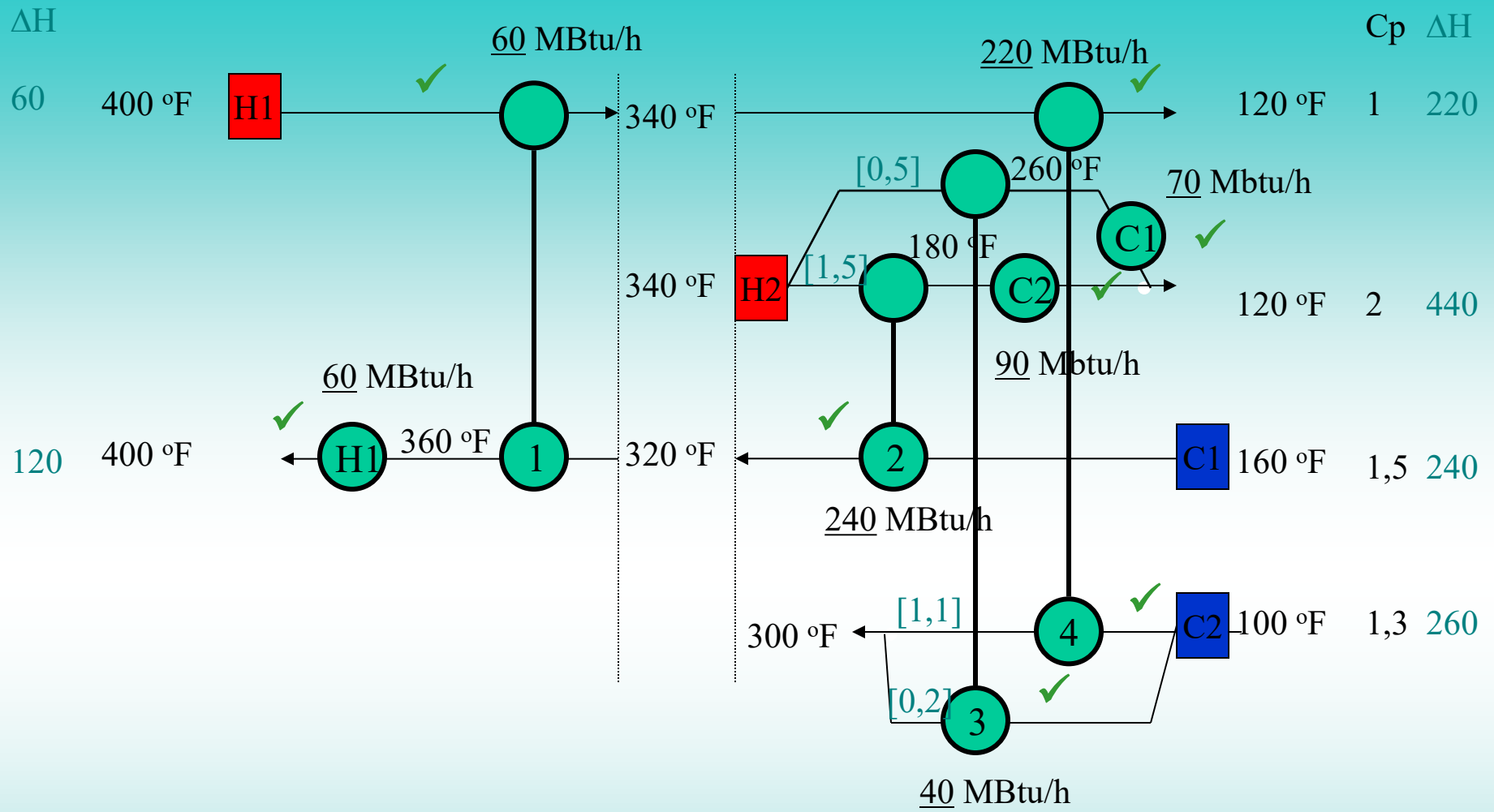
✓ Q_H min : 60

Q_C min : 160

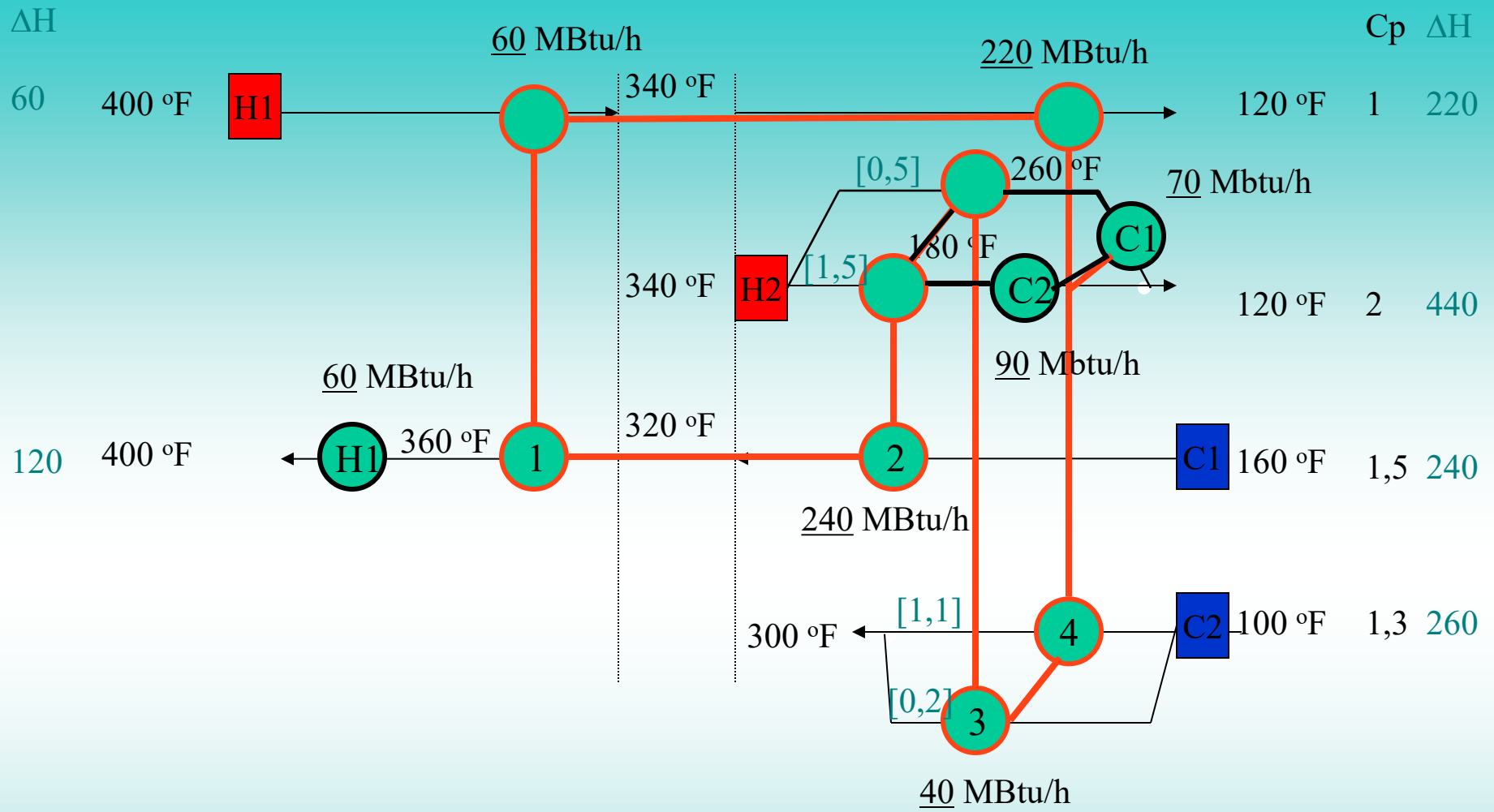


T Cold pinch : 320
 T Hot pinch : 340

- ✓ Q_H min : 60
- ✓ Q_C min : 160

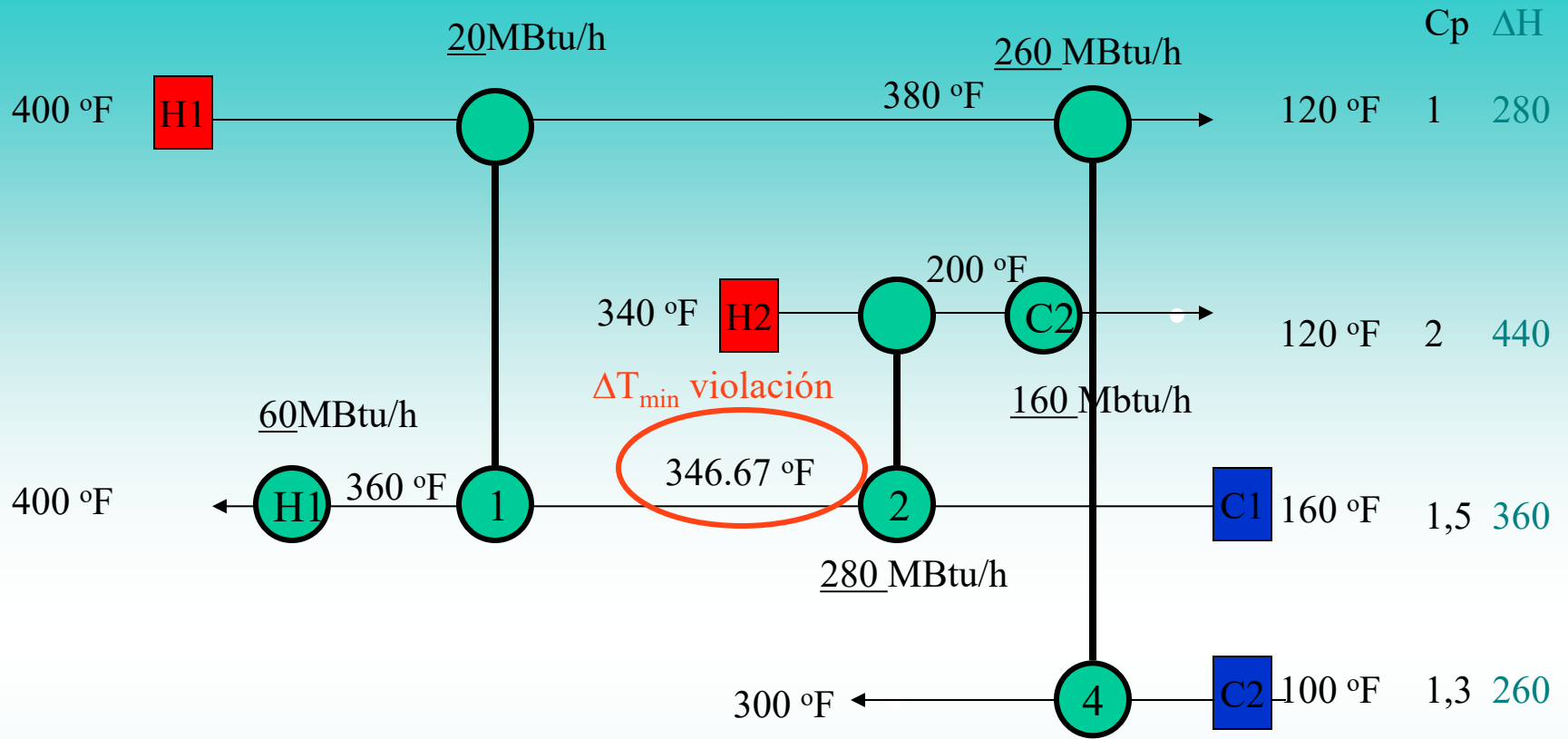


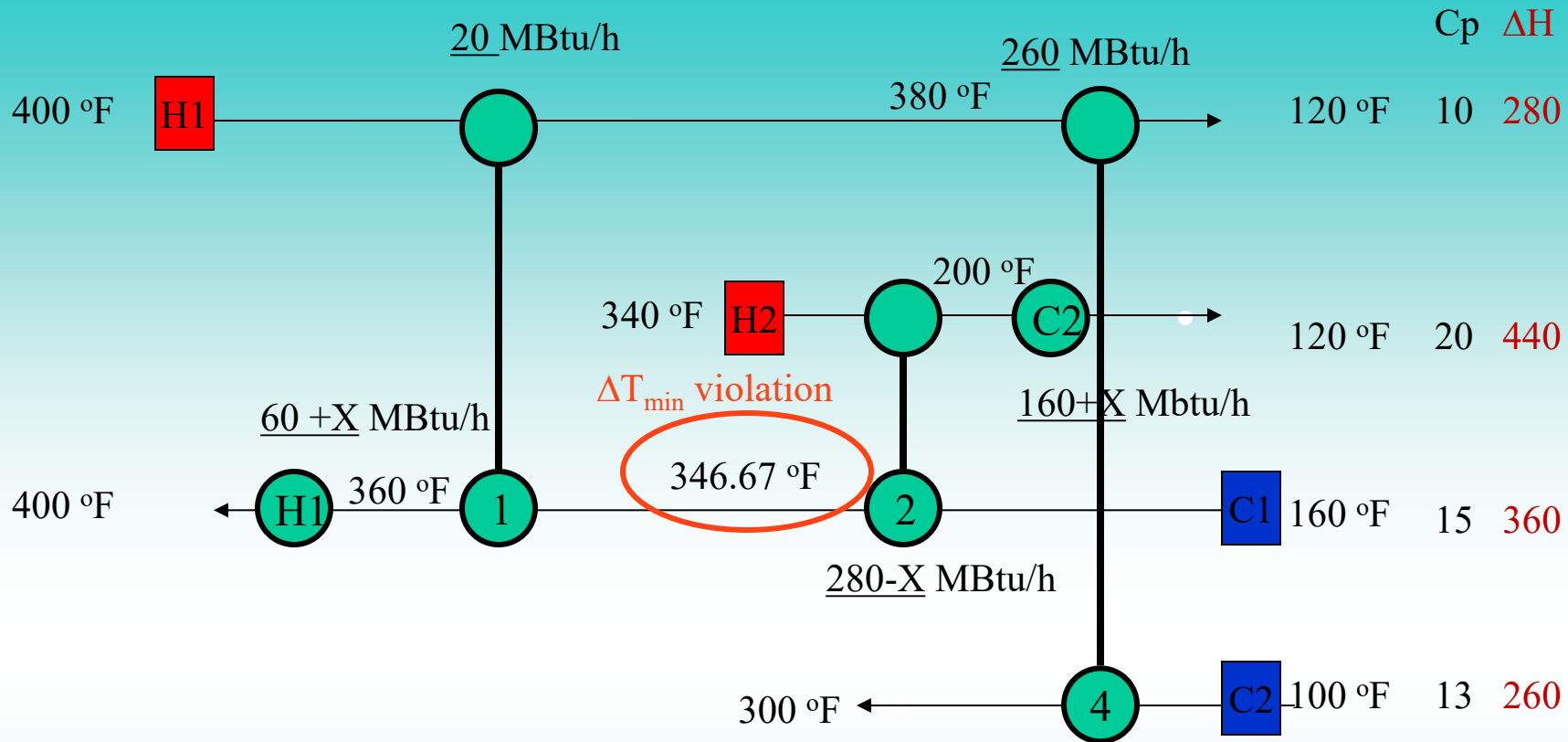
$$U_{\text{Min}} = N_S + N_{\text{Utilities}} - 1 = 4 + 2 - 1 = 5 \neq 7$$



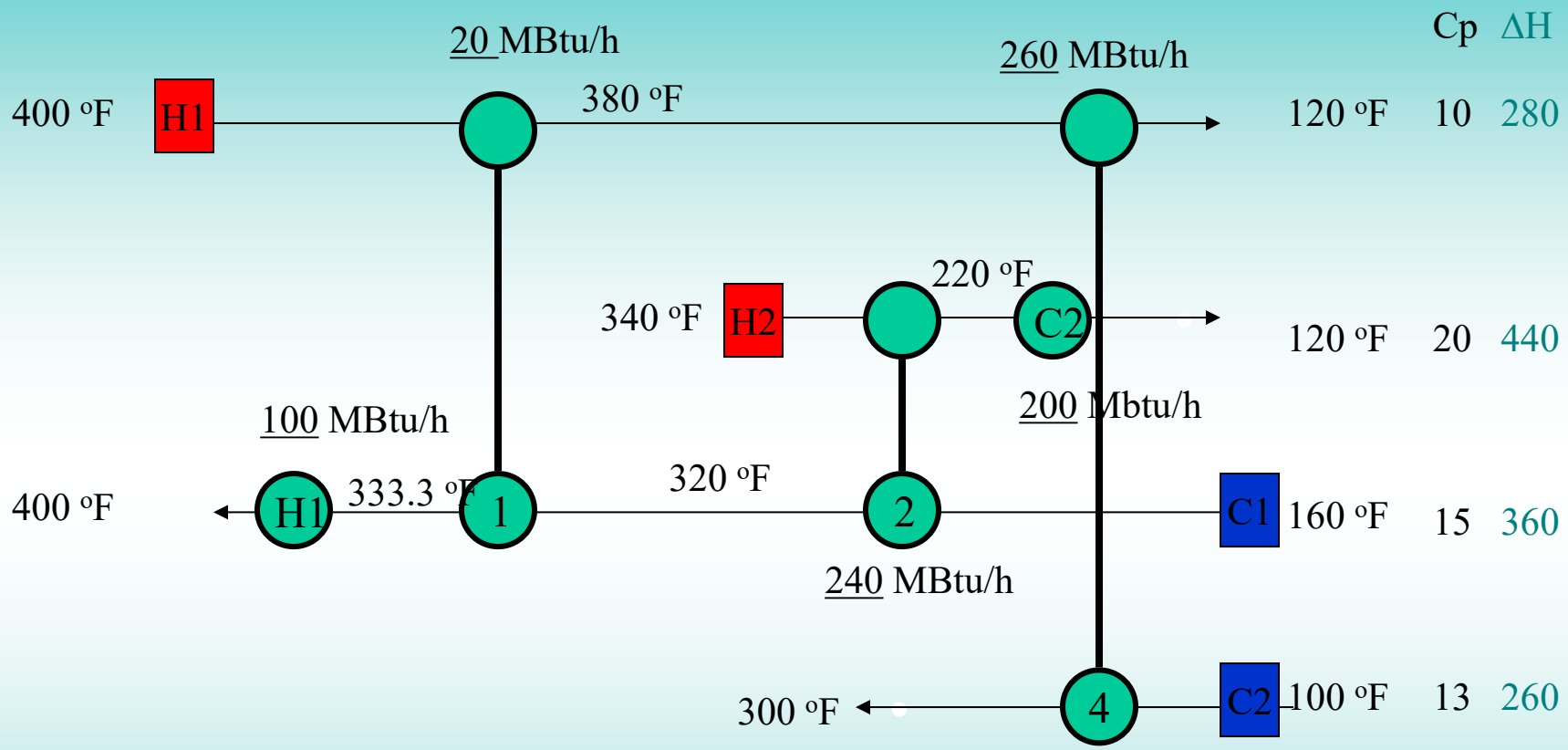
$$U_{Min} = N_S + N_{Utilities} - 1 = 4 + 2 - 1 = 5 \neq 7$$

2 LOOPS





$$280 - X = 1,5(320 - 160) \rightarrow X = 40$$



$$U_{Min} = N_{Stream} + N_{Util} - 1 = 4 + 2 - 1 = 5 \quad \checkmark$$